## **Chartered Accountants**

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Board of Director Of THL Zinc Holding BV

## Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of "THL Zinc Holding BV" ("the Company") which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024, Statement of Profit And Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024 and its profits including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statement under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

# Responsibility of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and the statement of changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued thereunder.

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## **Chartered Accountants**

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

## **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatement can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users take on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, specified under section 143(10) of the Act, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit, We also;

- (a) identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud my involve collusion, forgery, intentional omission, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

(c) evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.

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# RAKESH M. AGRAWAL & ASSOCIATES

## **Chartered Accountants**

(d) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that my cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### **Other Matter**

The financial statements are prepared to assist Vedanta Limited, the holding company, to prepare its consolidated financial statements as per generally accepted accounting principles in India. As a result, the financial statements may not be suitable for another purpose. Our report in intended solely for the Company and its holding company and should not be distributed or used by parties other than for the preparation of Consolidated Financial Statement of the holding company. We hereby provide consent that a copy may be provided to auditors of the holding company.

For Rakesh M. Agrawal & Associates

**Chartered Accountants** 

(Firm Registration No.: 127710W)

Rakesh M Agrawal Proprietor

Membership No. 124943

Place : Bhiwandi Date : 22 April 2024

Udin No: 24124943BKDFIM8981

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THL Zinc Holding BV Balance sheet as at 31 March 2024

Balance sheet as at 31 March 2024			Amount in USD)
	Natas	As at	As at
	Notes	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Financial Assets		38,150,000	226,000,000
(a) Investments	5	30,130,000	632,400
(b) Loan	0	38,150,000	226,632,400
Current assets			
Financial Assets		442 200	1,505,750
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	7	143,389	1,000,000
(b) Loan	8	1,632,400 651,492	703,507
(b) Others	9	45,514	55,926
Other Current Assets	10	2,472,795	3,265,183
Total		40,622,795	229,897,583
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity		5,110,047	5,110,047
(a) Equity share capital	11	(324,959,519)	(325,268,366)
(b) Other equity		(319,849,472)	(320,158,319)
Non current liabilities			
Financial Liabilities	12	1,918,921	3,366,368
(a) Borrowings	12	1,918,921	3,366,368
Current liabilities			
Financial Liabilities	13	358,137,187	546,519,617
(a) Borrowings	14	323,629	59,729
(b) Others	15	92,530	110,188
Current tax liabilities		358,553,346	546,689,534
Total		40,622,795	229,897,583

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

Mem.No.

ERED ACCOUNTAN

As per our report of even date

For Rakesh M Agrawal & Associates Chartered Accountants

(Registration No.: 127710W)

Rakesh M Agrawal Proprietor

Membership No. 124943

Place : Bhiwandi Date: 22 April 2024

For and on behalf of THL Zinc Holding BV

rupam Kumar Agarwal

Place: New Delhi Date: 22 April 2024

		(A	mount in USD)
	Notes	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
INCOME			01 Walcii 2023
Other income			
	16	654,625	12,373,949
EXPENDITURE		654,625	12,373,949
Finance cost			
Other expenses	17	223,843	5,430,314
	18	114,266	154,734
Profit before tax		338,109	5,585,048
Tax expense		316,516	6,788,901
	19	(7,669)	(10,085)
Profit for the year		70.70.00.00	
Total comprehensive income for the year		308,847	6,778,816
Earning per equity share of EUR 1 each		308,847	6,778,816
and per equity share of EUR 1 each			And the second second
Basic EPS and Diluted EPS (USD per share)	21		
he accompanying notes form an integral and the	21	0.08	1.81

accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

Mem.No.

124943

COUNTANT

As per our report of even date

For Rakesh M Agrawal & Associates Chartered Accountants (Registration No. : 127710W)

Rakesh M Agrawal Proprietor

Membership No. 124943 Place: Bhiwandi Date: 22 April 2024

For and on behalf of THL Zinc Holding BV

hupam Kumar Agarwal

Place: New Delhi Date: 22 April 2024

# THL Zinc Holding BV Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2024

			(A	(mount in USD)
	Issued Capital	Other Equity reserve#	Retained earnings*	Total Equity
At 01 April 2022	5,110,047	(429,548,296)	97,501,114	(326,937,135)
Total comprehensive income for the year			6,778,816	6,778,816
At 31 March 2023	5,110,047	(429,548,296)	104,279,930	(320,158,319)
At 01 April 2023	5,110,047	(429,548,296)	104,279,930	(320,158,319)
Total comprehensive income for the year	•		308,847	308,847
At 31 March 2024	5,110,047	(429,548,296)	104,588,777	(319,849,472)

<sup>\*</sup> Retained earnings are created out of profits each year and are available for distribution of dividends or issuance of bonus shares, subject to applicable rules.

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PIERED ACCOUNT

As per our report of even date

For Rakesh M Agrawal & Associates

**Chartered Accountants** (Registration No.: 127710W)

Rakesh M Agrawal

Proprietor

Membership No. 124943 Place : Bhiwandi Date: 22 April 2024

For and on behalf of THL Zinc Holding BV

Ahupam Kumar Agarwal

Place : New Delhi Date: 22 April 2024

<sup>#</sup> Other equity reserve represents adjustments on sale of loan in earlier years.

THL Zinc Holding BV Statement Of Cash Flows For the year ended 31 March 2024

		(Amount in USD)
	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Cash flows from operating activity		
Profit before taxation	316,516	6,788,901
Adjusted for:		
- Interest income	(121,055)	(5,178,827)
- Interest income on OCRPS	(1,130)	(4,900
- Interest expense	223,373	5,429,609
- Income on fair valuation of inter company loan		(7,190,222
Gain on redemption of shares	(532,440)	
	(114,736)	(155,439)
Working capital changes:		
- Change in other receivables	173,358	43,587
- Change in other payables	93,080	(20,326)
	266,438	23,261
Cash used in operations	151.702	(132,178)
Tax paid	(14,073)	(649,194
Net cash generated/(used) in operating activities	137,629	(781,372)
Cash flow from Investing activities		
Proceeds from repayment of loans given		182,500,000
Loan given to related parties		(400,000)
Interest received		14,498,366
Proceeds from redemption of Optionally Convertible Redeemable		
Preference Shares ("OCRPS")	187,850,000	
Net cash generated from investing activities	187,850,000	196,598,366
Cash flow from financing activities		
Repayment of borrowings	(1,447,447)	(179,833,632)
Interest paid	(52,553)	(17,403,724)
Redemption of OCRPS	(187,849,990)	
Net cash used in financing activities	(189,349,990)	(197,237,356)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(1,362,361)	(1,420,362
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	1,505,750	2,926,112
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	143,389	1,505,750

The above cash flow has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 - Statement of Cash Flows

As per our report of even date

For Rakesh M Agrawal & Associates

Mem.No.

124943

ERED ACCOUNT

Chartered Accountants (Registration No.: 127710W)

Rakesk M Agrawal
Proprietor

Membership No. 124943 Place : Bhiwandi

Place : Bhiwandi Date: 22 April 2024 For and on behalf of THL Zinc Holding BV

Place : New Delhi Date: 22 April 2024

nupan Kumar Agarwal

#### 1 Company Overview

THL Zinc Holding B.V. (the "Company") is a private company with limited liablity ("Besloten Vennootschap"), existing under the laws of the Netherlands, incorporated on 20 April 2007. The Company has its statutory seat and principal place of business in Amsterdam, the Netherlands. The principal activity of the Company is holding of investments and financing activities.

The financial statements under Ind AS are solely prepared for the purpose of preparing consolidated financial statement of holding company, Vedanta Limited. These financial statements are non-statutory accounts.

Vedanta Limited, has provided the Company with a letter of financial support where it confirms that it will provide the necessary financial support and financing arrangements to enable the Company to meet all its external and group company liabilities, as and when they fall due, over the next eighteen months.

#### 2 Basis of preparation and basis of measurement of financial statements

#### (a) Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other applicable recognition and measurement provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") (as amended from time to time).

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies, set out below and were consistently applied to all periods presented unless otherwise stated.

These financial statements are approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 22 April 2024.

#### (b) Basis of Measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical-cost basis and are denominated in United States Dollars ("USD").

#### 3(a) Material accounting Policies

#### (i) Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

## (a) Financial Assets - Recognition & subsequent measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. For purpose of subsequent measurement, these instruments are classified as debt instruments at amortised cost.

Debt instruments at amortised cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the

## (b) Financial Asset - Derecognition

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows on the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred.

## (c) Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Group applies expected credit loss ("ECL") model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the financial assets. At each reporting date, for recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-months ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the Company reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.



# 3(a) Material accounting Policies (continued) (i) Financial Instruments (continued)

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive, discounted at the original EIR.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) during the year is recognized as income/ expense in profit or loss.

## (d) Financial liabilities - Recognition & Subsequent measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value, and in the case of financial liabilities at amortised cost, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings and trade and other payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method.

## (e) Financial liabilities - Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

#### (ii) Investment in subsidiary

A subsidiary is an entity (including special purpose entities) over which the Company has control. The Company controls an entity when the Company is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Investments in subsidiaries represent equity holdings in subsidiaries except preference shares, valued at cost less any provision for impairment. Investments are reviewed for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

The Company has taken advantage of paragraph 4(a) of Ind AS 110 - Consolidated Financial Statements", which dispenses it from the need to present consolidated financial statements. The Company is wholly owned by Vedanta Resources Limited which prepares company accounts that comply with International Financial Reporting Standards and these are available for public use from the company secretary, Vedanta Resources Plc, 8th Floor, 20 Farringdon Street, London, EC4A 4AB and at www.vedantaresources.com.

## (iii) Accounting for Foreign currency transactions and translations

Functional and presentation currency

The directors consider United States Dollar ("USD") to be the currency that most faithfully represents the economic effect of the underlying transactions, events and conditions. The USD is the currency in which the Company measures its performance and reports its results, as well as the currency in which it receives capital contribution from its investors. This determination also considers the competitive environment in which the Company operates. The Company's financial statements are presented in USD.

#### Foreign currency translations

Transactions during the year including income and expenses are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rate of exchange at the reporting date.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined.

## (iii) Accounting for Foreign currency transactions and translations (continued)

Foreign currency transaction gains and losses on financial instruments classified as fair value through profit or loss are included in profit or loss as part of the 'Net gain or loss on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'. Exchange differences on other financial instruments are included in profit or loss as 'Net foreign exchange gains/(losses).



#### 3(a) Material accounting Policies (continued)

## (iv) Current and non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

• it is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the Company's normal operating cycle.

• it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;

- it is expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- it is expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle;
- it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

#### (v) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand and short-term money market deposits which have a maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### (vi) Revenue recognition

#### Interest income

Interest income from debt instruments is recognised using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

#### Dividends

Dividend income is recognised in the consolidated income statement only when the right to receive payment is established, provided it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

#### (vii) Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost includes interest expense as per effective interest rate (EIR).

EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial liability or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options).

#### (viii) Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the financial position date in the country where the Company operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred income tax is recognised in full, using the liability method, on all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the financial position date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.



#### 3(a) Material accounting Policies (continued)

#### (viii) Taxation

Deferred income tax assets on accumulated tax losses are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

#### 3(b) Application of new and revised standards

The Company has adopted, with effect from 01 April 2023, the following new and revised standards and interpretations. Their adoption has not had any material impact on the amounts reported in the financial statements.

- 1. Ind AS 1 Presentation of financial statements: The amendment requires disclosure of material accounting policies rather than significant accounting policies;
- 2. Ind AS 12 Income Taxes: The amendment clarifies application of initial recognition exemption to transactions such as leases and decommissioning obligations;
- 3. Ind AS 8 Accounting Policies, Change in Accounting Estimates and Errors: The amendment replaces definition of 'change in accounting estimates' with the definition of 'accounting estimates'

#### Standards notified but not yet effective

No new standards have been notified during the year ended 31 March 2024.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

#### **Judgements**

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

#### Functional currency

The directors consider the USD to be the currency that most faithfully represents the economic effect of the underlying transactions, events and conditions. The USD is the currency in which the Company measures its performance and reports its results to the members. This determination also considers the competitive environment in which the Company operates.

#### Going concern

The Company's management has made an assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and is satisfied that the Company has access to resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future.

#### Estimates and assumptions

At the reporting date, there were no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.



	(Amount in USD)
As at	Asa
31 March 2024	31 March 2023
546,160,000	546,160,000
(516,160,000)	(516,160,000)
30,000,000	30,000,000
8,150,000	196,000,000
38,150,000	226,000,000
	31 March 2024 546,160,000 (516,160,000) 30,000,000 8,150,000

(a) During the year, there was no trigger for Impairment for the Company's investment held in Vedanta Lisheen Holdings Limited. Aggregate amount of provision for impairment in value of above investment is USD 516,160,000 (31 March 2023: USD 516,160,000).

(b) Details of the investments held during the year are provided below:

(Amount in USD)

Company	Principal Activity	Place of operation	No of Ordina Heli		Proport	ion of ship	As at 31 March 2024	As a 31 March 202
			2024	2023	2024	2023		
Equity instruments Vedanta Lisheen Holdings Limited	Mining	Ireland	12	12	100%	100%	30,000,000	30,000,000
Total						-	30,000,000	30,000,000
Preference shares - 0.25% Optiona	Ily Convertibl	e Redeemable	Preference sh	ares				
THL Zinc Limited (i)	Investing	Mauritius	81,500	1,960,000		-	8,150,000	196,000,000
						Total	8,150,000	196,000,000

(i) The Company had invested in 2.4 million, 0.25% Optionally Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares ("OCRPS") of USD 1 each with a premium of USD 99 each of THL Zinc Ltd ("THLZ"). In 2011-12, 440,000 0.25% OCRPS of USD 1 each with a premium of USD 99 each were redeemed by the issuer for the value of USD 44,000,000. During the current year, 1,878,500 0.25% OCRPS of USD 1 each with a premium of USD 99 each were redeemed by the issuer for the value of USD 187,850,000.

Each OCRPS can be converted at the option of the Company into a variable number of equity shares or can be redeemed anytime at the option of the issuer.

Note	No	6
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Financial Assets - Non-current - Loan	As at	As at	
Financial Assets - Non-Current - Loan	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
Loan to Western Cluster Limited (refer note 8.1)		1,000,000	
Loan to THL Zinc Limited (refer note 6.1)	178,000	178,000	
Loan to THL Zinc Ventures Limited (refer note 6.2)	177,000	177,000	
Loan to Monte Cello BV (refer note 6.3)	277,400	277,400	
Less: Reclassified to current loan receivable (refer note 8)	(632,400)	(1,000,000)	
		632,400	

6.1 During financial year 2021-22, the Company has executed an unsecured loan agreement for a facility of USD 1,000,000 with THL Zinc Limited at an interest rate of 7.74% per annum repayable in December 2024. The total drawn amount under this facility is USD 178,000. During the current year, the loan has been reclassified to current liability. As at 31 March 2024, the amount outstanding under this facility was USD 178,000 (31 March 2023: USD 178,000) and accrued interest thereon amounting to USD 26,757 (31 March 2023: USD 12,981).

6.2 During financial year 2021-22, the Company has executed an unsecured loan agreement for a facility of USD 1,000,000 with THL Zinc Ventures Limited at an interest rate of 7.74% per annum repayable on December 2024. The total drawn amount under this facility is USD 177,000. During the current year, the loan has been reclassified to current liability. As at 31 March 2024, the amount outstanding under this facility was USD 177,000 (31 March 2023: USD 177,000) and accrued interest thereon amounting to USD 26,302 (31 March 2023: USD 12,598).

6.3 During financial year 2021-22, the Company has executed an unsecured loan agreement for a facility of USD 200,000 with Monte Cello BV at an interest rate of 7.49% per annum repayable in October 2024. During the previous year, the amount under the said facility has been extended upto USD 1,000,000 with revised interest rate of 5.83% per annum. During the current year, the loan has been reclassified to current liability. As at 31 March 2024, the amount outstanding under this facility was USD 277,400 (31 March 2023: USD 277,400) and accrued interest thereon amounting to USD 26,285 (31 March 2023: USD 10,110).

Note No. 7

Financial Assets - Cash and cash equivalents	As at	As a
Balances with banks	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
- in current accounts	143,389	1,505,750
	143,389	1,505,750



Note No. 8	(Amount in USD		
Financial Assets - Current - Loan	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	
Loan to Westen Cluster Limited (refer note 8.1)  Loan reclassified from non-current loan receivable (refer note 6)	1,000,000 632,400	1,000,000	
	1,632,400	1,000,000	

8.1 During financial year ended 31 March 2022, the Company had executed an unsecured loan agreement for a facility of USD 50,000,000 with Western Cluster Limited at an interest rate of 7.74% per annum repayable in October 2023. During the current year, the maturity of the loan has been extended for a period of one year. As at 31 March 2024, the amount outstanding under this facility was USD 1,000,000 (2023: USD 1,000,000) and accrued interest thereon amounting to USD 172,860 (2023: USD 95,460).

				(Amount in USD
Financial Assets - Current - Others			As at	As a
			31 March 2024	31 March 2023
nterest receivable on loan to related parties (refer note 24)			252,204	131,149
nterest receivable on OCRPS (refer note 24)			60,457	59,327
Other receivable from related parties (refer note 24)		-	338,831 651,492	513,031 703,507
		=	001,402	100,001
Note No. 10				(Amount in USD
Other Current assets			As at	As a
Ther Current assets			31 March 2024	31 March 2023
ncome tax receivable			36,828	36,828
Prepaid expenses			8,686	7,843
			45,514	44,671
Note No. 11				
	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
Equity Share Capital	Number	USD	Number	USD
Authorised				
quity Shares of EUR 1 each fully paid	20,000,000	27,341,073	20,000,000	27,341,073
0.25% Preference Shares of EUR 1 each fully paid up	25,000,000	34,180,077	25,000,000	34,180,077
ssued, Subscribed and fully Paid up				
Equity Shares of EUR 1 each fully paid	3,738,000	5,110,047	3,738,000	5,110,047
	3,738,000	5,110,047	3,738,000	5,110,047
Reconciliation of the number and amount of equity	As		As at	
shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year:	31 Marc	h 2024	31 Marc	n 2023
ne year.	Number	USD	Number	USD
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	3,738,000	5,110,047	3,738,000	5,110,047
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	3,738,000	5,110,047	3,738,000	5,110,047
Details of shares held by Holding Company		As at		As at
		31 March 2024		31 March 2023
Equity shares are held by Vedanta Limited		3,738,000		3,738,000
Percentage of holding	-	100%		100%

#### 11.3 Other disclosures relating to Equity Shares

11.1

11.2

The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of EUR 1 per share. Each equity shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. Each equity shareholder is entitled to dividends as and when the Company declares and pays dividend after obtaining shareholders approval. In the event of liquidation of Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.



Note No. 12		(Amount in USD)
Financial Liabilities - Non-current - Borrowings	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Loan from Cairn India Holdings Limited (refer note 12.1)	1,918,921	3,366,368
	1,918,921	3,366,368

12.1 During the financial year 2018-19, the Company had executed a loan agreement for a facility of USD 200,000,000 with Cairn India Holdings Limited ("CIHL") repayable in July 2022. Post various amendments till financial year 2021-22, the Company has drawn down USD 75,200,000 and repaid USD 6,000,000 under Tranche 1 at an interest rate of 3M LIBOR + 2.50% per annum and USD 122,000,000 at an interest rate of 9.85% per annum under Tranche 2.

During the year 2021-22, the Company has repaid the sum of USD 8,000,000 from the Tranche 1. During the previous year, the Company has further extended the loan under Tranche 1 by 2 years at a revised interest rate of 3M LIBOR + 3.33% per annum and repaid fully loan under Tranche 2 amounting to USD 122,000,000 and a sum amounting to USD 57,833,632 under Tranche 1 of the loan. During the current year, the Company has repaid loan of USD 1,447,447. The maturity of remaining value of loan has been extended till June 2026 with fixed interest rate of 13% per annum. The principal amount of loan outstanding as on 31 March 2024 is USD 1,918,921 (31 March 2023: USD 3,366,368) and accrued interest thereon amounting to USD 182,912 (31 March 2023: USD 12,092).

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Financial liabilities - Current - Borrowings		(Amount in USD
Thanca nathana - Carrent - Borrowings	As at 31 March 2024	As a 31 March 202
0.25% Optionally Convertible Preference Shares ("OCRPS") of EUR 1 each fully paid up - Vedanta Limited	358,137,187	546,519,617
Loan from Cairn India Holdings Limited		3,366,368
Less: Reclassified to non-current borrowings (refer note 12.1)		(3,366,368
	358,137,187	546,519,617
Optionally Convertible Rodeemable Preference Shares ("OCRPS") The Company had issued 5,500,000, 0.25% OCRPS of Euro 1 each to Vedanta Limited. Duri of Euro 1 each, were redeemed for the value of USD 188,382,430 (including foreign exchange Each OCRPS can be converted at the option of the investor in to variable number of equity st Company at any time.	gain of USD 532 440)	
In accordance with IND AS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation, the Optionally Convertib have been classified as a liability.	le Redeemable Preference	Shares (OCRPS
Note No. 14		(Amount in USD)
Financial liabilities - Other	As at	As a
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest payable on loan to related party (Refer note 24)	182,912	12,092
Other payables	140,717	47,637
*Other payables are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.	323,629	59,729
Note No. 15		
Current tax liabilities	As at	Amount in USD) As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Provision for income tax (net of advance tax/TDS)	92,530	98,934
	92,530	98,934
Note No. 16		Amount in USD)
Other income	As at	As at
nterest income on loan to related parties (refer note 24)	31 March 2024 121,055	31 March 2023 5,178,827
ncome on fair valuation of Inter Company Loan	121,000	7,190,222
nterest income on OCRPS	1,130	4,900
oreign exchange gain on redemption of shares	532,440	
	654,625	12,373,949
Note No. 17	U	Amount in USD)
Finance cost	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
nterest on loan to related parties (refer note 24) Bank charges	223,373	5,429,609
With Williams	223,843	705 5,430,314
lote No. 18		
	As at	Amount in USD)
Other expenses	31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
egal and professional fees	91,305	23,683
audit fees	3,550	4,458
		1,965
	1,849	
'AT expenditure	1,849 17,561	13,292
'AT expenditure	17,561	111,336
let loss on foreign currency transactions and translations /AT expenditure asset written off lote No. 19	17,561 - 114,266	111,336 154,734
/AT expenditure sset written off	17,561 - 114,266	111,336
AT expenditure sset written off lote No. 19 axation	17,561 114,266 (A As at 31 March 2024	111,336 154,734 Amount in USD)
AT expenditure sset written off lote No. 19 axation	17,561 114,266 (A As at 31 March 2024 7,669	111,336 154,734 Amount in USD) As at 31 March 2023 10,085
AT expenditure sset written off  lote No. 19  axation  urrent tax	17,561 114,266 (A As at 31 March 2024	111,336 154,734 Amount in USD) As at 31 March 2023
AT expenditure sset written off  lote No. 19  axation  urrent tax  ax reconciliation rofit before taxation	17,561 114,266 (A As at 31 March 2024 7,669	111,336 154,734 Amount in USD) As at 31 March 2023 10,085
AT expenditure sset written off ote No. 19 axation urrent tax ax reconciliation rofit before taxation come tax as per slabs	17,561 114,266 (A As at 31 March 2024 7,669 7,669	111,336 154,734 Amount in USD) As at 31 March 2023 10,085 10,085
AT expenditure sset written off  lote No. 19  axation  urrent tax  ax reconciliation rofit before taxation acome tax as per slabs on-taxable income	17,561 114,266 (A As at 31 March 2024 7,669 7,669 316,516	111,336 154,734 Amount in USD) As at 31 March 2023 10,085 10,085
AT expenditure seet written off  Note No. 19  axation  urrent tax  ax reconciliation rofit before taxation accome tax as per slabs on-taxable income on-deductible expenses	17,561 114,266 (A As at 31 March 2024 7,669 7,669 316,516 66,958	111,336 154,734 Amount in USD) As at 31 March 2023 10,085 10,085 6,788,901 1,705,178
'AT expenditure sset written off lote No. 19	17,561 114,266 (A As at 31 March 2024 7,669 7,669 316,516	111,336 154,734 Amount in USD) As at 31 March 2023 10,085 10,085 6,788,901 1,705,178 (1,765,376)

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> Note No. 20 Financial instruments

#### Fair values

The carrying amounts of other receivables, cash at bank, borrowings and other payables approximate their fair values. Categories of financial instruments

		(Amount in USD)
	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Financial assets		
Loan and other receivables (including cash and short-term deposits)	2,427,280	3,841,657
Financial liabilities		
Borrowings	360,056,108	549,885,985
Other payables	323,629	59,729
	360,379,737	549,945,714

#### Strategy in using financial instruments

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: Market risk (including currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the above risks, the Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the Company's management of capital. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout these financial statements.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

#### (a) Market Risk Management

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices.

#### (b) Interest Rate Risk Management

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cashflows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Any excess cash and cash equivalents of the Company are invested in short-term time deposits and liquid funds. The following table details the Company's exposure to interest rate risk. The total interest sensitivity gap represents the net notional amounts of all interest sensitive financial instruments.



Note No. 20 (Cont'd) Financial instruments

### (c) Currency Risk Management

The Company is not exposed to the risk that may change in a manner which has material effect on the reported values of the Company's assets which are denominated in other foreign currencies at reporting period.

#### Currency profile

The currency profile of the Company's financial assets and liabilities is summarised as follows: (Amount in USD) Financial Financial Financial Financial liabilities liabilities assets\* assets As at As at As at As at 31 March 2023 31 March 2023 31 March 2024 31 March 2024 549,945,714 United States Dollar 2,427,280 360,379,737 3.841.657

For the year ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023, the Company does not have any material exposure to foreign currencies. Therefore, sensitivity relative to foreign currencies has not been disclosed.

#### (d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of the financial assets and liabilities. The table below illustrates the aged analysis of the Company's financial liabilities.

31 March 2024			
	Up to	More than	(Amount in USD)
	1 year	1 year	Total
Liabilities			
Other payables	323,629		323,629
Optionally Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares	358,137,187	-	358,137,187
Long term borrowings	*	1,918,921	1,918,921
Total	358,460,816	1,918,921	360,379,737
31 March 2023			
	Up to	More than	(Amount in USD)
	1 year	1 year	
Liabilities			
Other payables	59,729		59,729
Optionally Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares	546,519,617		546,519,617
Short term borrowings	3,366,368	*	3,366,368
Total	549,945,714		549,945,714

#### (e) Capital risk management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings, trade and other payables, less cash and short-term deposits, excluding discontinued operations.

The capital structure of the Company consists of stated capital, retained earnings and net debt.



<sup>\*</sup> Does not include investments in subsidiaries and preference shares.

Note No. 20 (Cont'd) Financial instruments

Strategy in using financial instruments (cont'd)

(Amount in USD)

31 March 2024		Up to 1 year	More than 1 year	Total
Financial Assets				
Non-interest bearing		794,880		794,880
Fixed interest bearing		1,632,400	*	1,632,400
Total assets		2,427,280	*	2,427,280
Financial Liabilities				
Non-interest bearing		323,629		323,629
Fixed interest bearing		358,137,187	1,918,921	360,056,108
Total liabilities		358,460,816	1,918,921	360,379,737
31 March 2023		Up to 1 year	More than 1 year	Total
Financial Assets				
Non-interest bearing		2,209,257	7 July 3	2,209,257
Fixed interest bearing		1,000,000	632,400	1,632,400
Total assets		3,209,257	632,400	3,841,657
Financial Liabilities				
Non-interest bearing		59,729		59,729
Fixed interest bearing		546,519,617		546,519,617
Variable interest bearing		3,366,368	3,366,368	6,732,736
Total liabilities	The second second	549,945,714	3,366,368	553,312,082

Sensitivity analysis

The Company does not have any exposure to the interest bearing financial assets and liabilities for the year ended 31 March 2024,

accordingly, sensitivity analysis for the current year is not applicable.

An increase of 100 basis points in interest rates at 31 March 2023 would have increased/ (decreased) equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant. For a decrease of 100 basis points there would be an equal and opposite impact on the profit or loss and other equity.

	Profit/(Loss)		
	Year ended	Year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
Variable rate instruments		(33,664)	
	-	(33,664)	
Gearing ratio The gearing ratio at the year end was as follows:			
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
Debt (i)	360,056,108	549,885,985	
Cash and short-term deposits	143,389	1,505,750	
Net debt	359,912,719	548,380,235	
Equity (ii)	(319,849,472)	(320,158,319)	
Net debt to equity ratio (times)	NA	NA	

- (i) Debt includes OCRPS, Short term borrowings and long term borrowings (ii) Equity includes capital, share premium and all reserves of the Company.



		(Amount in USD)
Earnings Per Share (EPS)	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Net profit after tax attributable to equity shareholders for basic and diluted EPS	308,847	6,778,816
Weighted average Number of equity shares	3,738,000	3,738,000
Par value per share (EUR)	1	1
	0.08	1.81
Earning Per Share - Basic and diluted		

(i) Optionally Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares ("OCRPS") will be converted at the option of the shareholder into variable number of shares based on the fair value as on the date of conversion. Hence, there would not be dilution of earnings per share.

Note No. 22		(Amount in USD)
Contingent liabilities	Year ended	Year ended
Contingent liabilities	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Contingent liabilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for)		
Contingent habilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for)		
있는 것인 4명 15일 보다면서 사용하는 이 사용에 있는 것이 되었다면 하는 사용이 되었다면 하는 것이 없는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하	NIL	NIL
(a) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt  (b) Guarantees	NIL NIL	NIL NIL

#### Note No. 23

There is no separate reportable segment hence information as defined in the IND AS 108 "Segment Reporting" is not applicable.

#### Note No. 24

Related party transactions

(a) Names of related parties and description of relation:

Entities controlling the Company	Vedanta	Incorporated	(formerly	"Volcan	Investments	Limited")	-
	AG-2-10 (190 H) 44						

Ultimate Holding Company

Volcan Investments Cyprus Limited - Ultimate Holding Company Intermediate

Vedanta Resources Limited, UK (along with its wholly owned

subsidiaries)

**Holding Company** Vedanta Limited

Vedanta Lisheen Holdings Limited Lakomasko BV (Deregistered with effect from 03 March 2023) Subsidiaries

Fellow subsidiaries with whom transactions have taken place THL Zinc Limited

THL Zinc Ventures Limited Monte Cello BV Bloom Fountain Limited Caim India Holdings Limited Black Mountain Mining Pty Ltd. Western Cluster Limited



Note No. 24 (Continued)
(b) Related party transactions and outstanding bala

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended
1. Black Mountain Mining Pty Ltd.	31 Warch 2024	31 March 2023
Interest income		
Interest received		2,774,319
Loan repayment	1	2,782,023
	•	60,500,000
2. Bloom Fountain Limited		
Other receivable		
	1	. 1
3. Monte Cello BV		
Loan given		
Loan receivable		250,000
Interest income	277,400	277,400
nterest receivable	16,175	9,720
Other receivable	26,285	10,110
Other receivable	278,702	452,902
/ I alaman I - 1000 /		
Lakomasko BV (refer note 5(b))		
Payment of expenses		48,651
Other receivable written off		111,336
		111,000
5. THL Zinc Ltd		
nvestment in OCRPS	8,150,000	196,000,000
Redemption of investment in OCRPS	187,850,000	190,000,000
oan receivable	178,000	179 000
oan given	110,000	178,000
nterest income	13,776	75,000
nterest receivable	26,757	12,098
nterest income on OCRPS	1,130	12,981
lividend receivable		4,900
Cairn India Holdings Limited (refer note 12.1)	60,457	59,327
iterest expense		
iterest payable	223,373	5,429,609
terest paid	182,912	*12,092
pan payable	52,553	17,403,724
pan repaid	1,918,921	3,366,368
	1,447,447	179,833,632
Vedanta Holdings Jersey Limited (refer note 24.1)		7,000,000
terest income		0.000.004
terest received		2,293,264
come on fair valuation of Inter Company Loan		11,186,031
pan repayment		7,190,222
		122,000,000
Western Cluster Limited		
erest Income	77.404	
an receivable	77,400	77,400
erest receivable	1,000,000	1,000,000
	172,860	95,460
THL Zinc Ventures Ltd		
erest Income		We will be a second
an given	13,704	12,026
an receivable	-	75,000
erest receivable	177,000	177,000
ner receivable	26,302	12,598
	60,128	60,128
Vedanta Limited		
demption of OCRPS		
WILLIAM OF COLUMN	188,382,430	

